

NOTE ON THE METHODOLOGY

The 10th edition of the *Global Corruption Barometer – Africa* was implemented by Afrobarometer, as part of its Round 7 surveys, in collaboration with Transparency International. A separate survey was commissioned by Transparency International for the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC), which was conducted by Omega Research.

Afrobarometer

Afrobarometer has been capturing data on public opinion in Africa, on topics ranging from democracy and governance to economic management and trust, since 1999. It facilitates use of this data to promote citizen voice in ways that inform public policy and hold governments accountable.

Afrobarometer directs a pan-African, non-partisan research network that conducts public attitude surveys in African countries. It uses computer-assisted personal interviewing to conduct face-to-face interviews in the language of the respondent's choice. Nationally representative samples of between 1,200 and 2,400 yield country-level results with a maximum margin of error of +/-3 percentage points at a 95 per cent confidence level. This report relies on data from 45,823 interviews completed in 34 countries (home to almost 80 per cent of the continent's population) between September 2016 and

September 2018. The data is weighted to ensure nationally representative samples. Given our shared goals, Transparency International and Afrobarometer have partnered since 2014 to capture public opinion data on perceptions and experiences of corruption across Africa.

Omega Research

The DRC survey was organised and conducted by Omega Research. All fieldwork was completed using a face-to-face survey methodology in the following languages: English, French, Lingala and Swahili. The face-to-face interviews were conducted through Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing. A random probability stratified clustered sample was used. The sample was stratified by region and by level of urbanisation. Secondary Sampling Units were selected up to three hours from the nearest road. Households were selected at random using a random walk. The respondent was selected at random from all adults in the

household using a Kish grid method. The results are weighted to be nationally representative according to available population data. The results have a margin of error of +/- 2.8 percentage points at a 95 per cent confidence level.

Weighting

For reported multi-country averages, an additional weighting factor is applied so that the sample sizes for each country are equal. The overall results for Africa are equivalent to an average of the countries surveyed.

| Country | Surveying organization | Fieldwork dates | Sample size |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------|
| Afrobarometer countries | | | |
| Benin | Institute for Empirical Research in Political Economy (IREEP) | 24 Dec 2016-2 Jan 2017 | 1.200 |
| Botswana | Star Awards (Pty) Ltd | 21 Jun-5 Jul 2017 | 1.198 |
| Burkina Faso | Centre for the Democratic Governance of Burkina Faso (CGD) | 2-18 Oct 2017 | 1.200 |
| Cabo Verde | Afrosondagem | 20 Nov-6 Dec 2017 | 1.200 |
| Cameroon | Centre d'Etudes et de Recherche en Economie et Gestion (CEREG) Université de Yaounde II | 7-25 May 2018 | 1.202 |
| Côte d'Ivoire | Centre de Recherche et de Formation sur le Développement Intégré (CREFDI) | 30 Dec 2016-11 Jan 2017 | 1.200 |
| Eswatini | ActivQuest | 13-28 Mar 2018 | 1.200 |
| Gabon | Centre de Recherche en Geosciences Politiques et Prospective (CERGEP) | 2-14 Nov 2017 | 1.199 |
| Gambia | Center for Policy Research and Strategic Studies (CEPRASS) | 23 Jul-12 Aug 2018 | 1.200 |
| Ghana | Center for Democratic Development (CDD-Ghana) | 9-25 Sept 2017 | 2.400 |
| Guinea | DG Stat View International | 13-31 May 2017 | 1.194 |
| Kenya | Institute for Development Studies, University of Nairobi | 13 Sept-8 Oct 2016 | 1.599 |
| Lesotho | Advision (PTY) Limited | 25 Nov-11 Dec 2017 | 1.200 |
| Liberia | The Khana Group | 19 Jun-16 Jul 2018 | 1.200 |
| Madagascar | COEF Resources | 20 Jan-26 Feb 2018 | 1.200 |
| Malawi | Centre for Social Research, University of Malawi | 26 Dec 2016-14 Feb 2017 | 1.200 |
| Mali | Groupe de Recherche en Économie Appliquée et Théorique (GREAT) | 8-24 Feb 2017 | 1.200 |
| Mauritius | StraConsult Ltd | 30 Sept-1 Nov 2017 | 1.200 |
| Morocco | Global for Survey and Consulting (GSC) | 13-28 May 2018 | 1.200 |
| Mozambique | IPSOS Limited (Mozambique) | 13 Jun-3 Sept 2018 | 2.392 |
| Namibia | Survey Warehouse | 6 Nov-21 Dec 2017 | 1.200 |
| Niger | Laboratoire d'Etudes et de Recherches sur les Dynamiques Sociales et le Développement Local (LASDEL) | 13-30 Apr 2018 | 1.200 |
| Nigeria | Practical Sampling International (PSI) | 26 Apr-10 May 2017 | 1.600 |
| São Tomé and Príncipe | Afrosondagem | 29 Jun-22 Jul 2018 | 1.200 |
| Senegal | Carrefour d'Etudes et de Recherches-Action pour la Démocratie et le Développement (CERADD) | 2-19 Dec 2017 | 1.200 |
| Sierra Leone | ITASCAP Limited | 6-28 Jul 2018 | 1.200 |
| South Africa | Plus 94 | 30 Jul-26 Sept 2018 | 1.840 |
| Sudan | Sudan Polling Survey Center | 22 Jul-25 Aug 2018 | 1.200 |
| Tanzania | REPOA Policy Research for Development | 30 Apr-17 Jun 2017 | 2.400 |
| Togo | Center for Research and Opinion Polls (CROP) | 11-23 Nov 2017 | 1.200 |
| Tunisia | One-to-One Research and Polling (121) | 31 Mar-7 May 2018 | 1.199 |
| Uganda | Hatchile Consult Ltd | 26 Dec 2016-8 Jan 2017 | 1.200 |
| Zambia | RuralNet | 8-25 Apr 2017 | 1.200 |
| Zimbabwe | Mass Public Opinion Institute | 28 Jan-10 Feb 2017 | 1.200 |

Additional surveys

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|------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-------|
| Democratic Republic of Congo | Omega Research | 5 Feb - 29 Mar 2018 | 1.282 |
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